The State of the States
in Developmental Disabilities
Project



Use of State Institutions for People with Intellectual Disabilities in Illinois: Fiscal Year 2009 Tia Nelis, Mary C. Rizzolo & Rick Hemp June, 2011

The first institutional program in Illinois for people with intellectual disabilities was opened in 1865. It was designed to teach skills to people so they could return to the community. The most people living in Illinois state-operated institutions was 10,240. This was in 1956. By 2009, there were 2,308 people living in these institutions in Illinois.

There are now eight state-operated institutions in Illinois. They are:

1 - Anna/Choate (Anna) 5 - Ludeman (Park Forest)

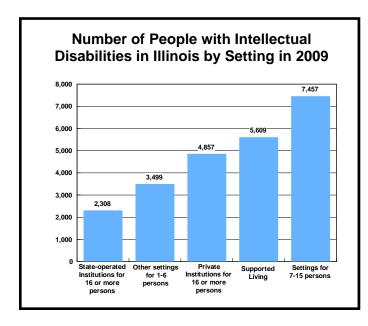
2 - Fox (Dwight)
3 - Kiley (Waukegan)
4 - Jacksonville
6 - Mabley (Dixon)
7 - Murray (Centralia)
8 - Shapiro (Kankakee)

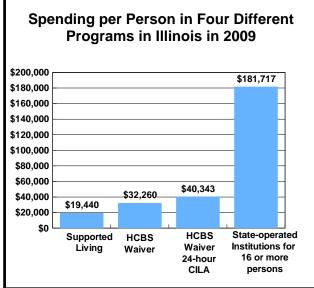
Only two states have more people in state institutions than Illinois (see table on right). With the closures of Michigan's Mt. Pleasant Center and Oregon's Eastern Oregon Center in 2009, 11 jurisdictions no longer run state-operated I/DD institutional facilities: Alaska, the District of Columbia, Hawaii, Maine, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, and West Virginia. Indiana closed its last free-standing state-operated institution in April of 2007 though they do operate some special ICF/ID units in state-operated mental health institutions. Also, Minnesota only has 6 persons in an I/DD unit in the Cambridge Mental Health center.

Today, people with intellectual disabilities can get residential support in many different kinds of places. The charts on the next page show: 1) how many people live in each kind of setting in Illinois, and 2) the cost per person for three different programs.

	State	Number
1	Texas	4,899
	New Jersey	2,703
	Illinois	2,308
	California	2,194
	North Carolina	1,638
6	New York	1,492
7	Ohio	1,423
8	Mississippi	1,371
9	Pennsylvania	1,253
10	Virginia	1,184
11	Louisiana	1,165
12	Georgia	1,133
	Arkansas	1,080
14	Washington	983
15	Florida	982
16	Massachusetts	893
	Missouri	873
18	South Carolina	810
19	Connecticut	732
20	Iowa	531
21	Tennessee	484
22	Wisconsin	472
23	Kentucky	442
	Kansas	350
	Oklahoma	339
	Utah	236
	Maryland	233
	Nebraska	231
	Alabama	199
	South Dakota	146
	Indiana	134
_	Arizona	126
	North Dakota	123
	Colorado	103
	Idaho	96
	Wyoming	83
	Delaware	76
	Michigan	70
	Montana	64
	Nevada	48
	Oregon	24
42	Minnesota	6
	United States	33,732

Braddock, Hemp, Rizzolo, Haffer, Tanis, & Wu. (2011). Boulder, CO: Coleman Institute and Department of Psychiatry, University of Colorado.





Supported Living* is where:

- The person chooses who to live with and where to live
- The place is not owned by a service provider
- The person's support plan changes as his/her needs change

State-Operated Institutions

• Ten states do not have state-operated institutions

Other Settings for 1-6 Persons* include:

- CILA
- Intermediate Care Facilities for Persons with Developmental Disabilities (ICFs/DD)
- Apartments and Supported Living Arrangements (SLA)
- Group Home
- Foster Care

Private 16+ Settings include:

- Private Institutions
- Nursing Homes

Settings for 7-15 Persons include:

- ICFs/DD
- CILA
- Group Homes
- Community Living Facilities (CLF)
- Supported Living Arrangements (SLA)



For more information: http://ColemanInstitute.org/stateofthestates/ or call: (303) 492-0639

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^{*} Illinois ranks 50th in the nation in the proportion of people living in settings for 1-6 persons